

Combatting financial crime

Great-West Lifeco Inc. ("Great-West Lifeco") is an international financial services holding company with interests in life insurance, health insurance, retirement and investment services, asset management and reinsurance businesses in Canada, the United States and Europe. Great-West Lifeco is a publicly traded company whose shares are listed as "GWO" on the Toronto Stock Exchange. No individual owns or controls more than 25% of the equity of Great-West Lifeco. Great-West Lifeco, its intermediate parent, its ultimate parent, and its subsidiaries have not issued shares in bearer form. A chart showing the corporate relationships between Great-West Lifeco, certain of its subsidiaries and its ultimate parent company, Power Corporation of Canada ("Power"), can be viewed at Our companies - Great-West Lifeco Inc. Power is also a publicly traded company whose shares are listed as "POW" on the Toronto Stock Exchange. The Desmarais Family Residuary Trust ("Trust") has voting control, indirectly, of Power. For more information about Power and the Trust, visit Power's website or consult Power's most recent Management Proxy Circular.

Governance framework

We maintain risk-based programs to combat financial crime ("financial crime risk programs") with oversight provided by our <u>Board of Directors</u> (the "Board") and <u>Senior Officers</u>. Our financial crime risk programs include anti-money laundering, anti-terrorist financing and sanctions (collectively "AML"), anti-bribery and corruption ("ABC"), and fraud risk management ("FRM").

We operate a "Three Lines of Defence" governance model. The First Line of Defence (comprising business areas and support functions) is the ultimate owner of financial crime risk and has primary risk management as well as risk-taking responsibility and accountability. The Second Line of Defence (comprising the oversight functions of Risk, Compliance, Finance and Actuarial (as applicable)) has primary and overall responsibility and accountability for independent oversight and effective challenge of risk-taking, compliance, and risk management by the First Line of Defence, including monitoring and testing where applicable. The Third Line of Defence (comprising Internal Audit) is responsible for independent assurance of the adequacy of the design and operational effectiveness of governance, risk management, and control processes including those related to the financial crime risk programs.

Great-West Lifeco's enterprise-wide Head of Global Financial Crime Risk is also the appointed Chief Anti-Money Laundering Officer ("CAMLO") and Sanctions Compliance Officer ("SCO"). The Head of Global Financial Crime Risk is responsible for establishing the frameworks and providing global Second Line of Defence oversight of our financial crime risk programs.

Management commitment to combatting financial crime

Our <u>Code of Conduct</u> sets out the standards of business conduct for all directors, officers, and employees¹ and rests on our core values that include "Acting with Integrity". The Code of Conduct is endorsed by our Board and is supported by several policies including the enterprise-wide AML Policy, ABC Policy, and FRM Policy. The Code of Conduct and these policies highlight our organization's commitment to:

- Comply with applicable financial crime laws and regulations
- Support regulators and law enforcement in their efforts to prevent, detect, and investigate financial crime
- Maintain a strong financial crime risk awareness culture

¹ Great-West Lifeco's Code of Conduct does not apply to advisors, suppliers, or third parties governed by different codes of conduct or contracts with us. Certain subsidiaries may adopt additional codes of ethics to respond to their specific requirements, but these codes must not contradict Great-West Lifeco's Code of Conduct.

We support a "Speak Up" culture and encourage the use of the confidential Ethics Hotline² by directors, officers, and employees to raise a concern and report anything that may violate our Code of Conduct_or the law. Our financial crime risk policies also include obligations for directors, officers, and employees to report unusual and suspicious activity indicative of financial crime.

We investigate suspected misconduct or violations of laws in a timely, complete, and accurate manner, following approved investigative protocols. The documentation of our response to such incidents includes any corrective actions taken, which may include a referral to law enforcement. We update internal controls, training, and other financial crime processes in response to the outcomes and root causes of misconduct and violations of laws, as appropriate.

Preventing and detecting money laundering, terrorist financing and activity prohibited by sanctions measures

We are committed to complying with laws designed to prevent and detect money laundering, financing of terrorism, and activity prohibited by sanctions measures.

We have established and implemented an AML program that is reasonably designed to achieve compliance with applicable AML laws and regulations. The program includes detecting persons engaged, or seeking to engage, in money laundering, terrorist financing, or activity prohibited by sanctions measures, and deterring such persons from obtaining or using our products or services. The minimum standards outlined in our AML Policy include:

- Governance and principles demonstrating management's commitment to AML
- Appointment of an AML Compliance Officer
- Written policies and procedures, outlining all applicable obligations and corresponding processes and controls including:
 - AML Program requirements
 - o Know your customer including customer identification and customer due diligence
 - Ongoing monitoring, and special measures for enhanced due diligence, where applicable
 - o Terrorist and sanction identification, screening, and escalation
 - Record-keeping
 - Reporting
- Risk assessments relative to customers, products/services, delivery channels, geography, and other relevant AML risks
- AML awareness training for all employees
- Effectiveness reviews conducted periodically by Internal Audit to provide an independent evaluation of the AML program elements

As part of the AML program, we have established additional minimum standards to specifically manage sanctions risk through the adoption of the Sanctions Measures Operating Standard ("SMOS"). The SMOS imposes standards for compliance with applicable sanctions laws in force in the jurisdictions in which we operate – including, but not limited to, Canada, the United States, the European Union, the United Kingdom – and any relevant United Nations Resolutions.

Our organization has also implemented and continues to maintain appropriate systems, procedures and controls reasonably designed to uphold international laws and reduce potential sanctions exposure. We will not knowingly undertake transactions involving an individual, entity, region, country, or activity that is subject to any applicable sanctions prohibitions.

² Great-West Lifeco's Ethics Hotline is managed by a third party service provider.

None of Great-West Lifeco, its subsidiaries, branches, directors, or officers is an individual or entity that is, or is owned or controlled by, a "Sanctioned Person." For more information on our Board, including age and province or state and country of residence of the directors, consult Great-West Lifeco's most recent Management Proxy Circular.

In addition to relevant AML Policy requirements, our SMOS requires:

- Appointment of a Sanctions Compliance Officer
- Sanctions measures awareness training for all employees
- Risk assessments, including those for new key initiatives (e.g., mergers and acquisitions)
- Screening, investigation, freezing of assets, and reporting

Preventing and detecting bribery and corruption

We are committed to fair and responsible business and prohibit all forms of bribery and corruption. We have established a formal ABC program to manage bribery and corruption risks. The minimum standards outlined in our ABC Policy include, but are not limited to:

- Governance and principles demonstrating management's commitment to ABC
- Written policies and procedures, outlining all applicable obligations and corresponding processes and controls including for:
 - Gifts and entertainment
 - Facilitation payments
 - Charitable and political contributions and sponsorships
 - Suppliers
 - o Books and records
- ABC awareness training for all employees
- Risk assessments, including those for new key initiatives (e.g., mergers and acquisitions)

Preventing and detecting fraud

We have established a formal FRM program to assess, prevent, detect, investigate, and respond to such crimes in a timely manner. The minimum standards outlined in our FRM Policy include, but are not limited to:

- Governance and principles demonstrating management's commitment to anti-fraud awareness culture
- Written policies and procedures to convey the expectations regarding the consistent approach to managing fraud risk
- Fraud awareness training for all employees
- Risk assessments, including those for new key initiatives (e.g., mergers and acquisitions)
- Fraud prevention techniques to avoid and mitigate potential fraud risk events
- Fraud detection techniques to uncover fraud events

If additional information related to our organization's financial crime programs is required, enquiries may be emailed to GFCRC@canadalife.com.

³ "Sanctioned Person" refers to any individual or entity ("Person") that is the target of any sanctions laws of the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union (or any member country thereof), or Canada, and refers to any entity that is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by any such Person(s).

⁴ Current as at the date of the circular.

Alexandra Orchard VP, Chief AML Officer and Head of Global Financial Crime Risk February 21, 2025